## Amendments to the Claims

Please cancel claims 5-10, 13 and 14 without prejudice. Please amend claims 1, 4, 11, 12, 15, and 16 and add new claims 17 and 18 as set forth below in the List of Claims.

## **List of Claims**

1. (Currently amended A compound of the formula I:

OH 
$$H_2N$$
  $NH$   $R^6$   $R^8$   $R^8$   $R^9$   $NH_2$   $R^3$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from

- (i)  $\underline{a}$  linear or branched  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;
- (ii)  $\underline{a} C_1 C_6 \text{ alkoxy};$

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from

- (i) hydrogen;
- (ii) <u>a</u> linear or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl;
- (iii)  $\underline{a} C_1 C_6 \text{ alkoxy};$

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> is each and independently selected from

- (i) hydrogen;
- (ii)  $\underline{a}$  linear or branched  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;

(iii) 
$$-\xi$$
-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub> wherein m = 1-3;

(iv) 
$$-\xi$$
-(CH<sub>2</sub>) ; and

(v) 
$$-\xi$$
-CH<sub>2</sub>----CH ==-CH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> is each and independently selected from

- (i) hydrogen;
- (ii) <u>a halogen, where "halogen" encompasses wherein said halogen is selected</u> from the group consisting of: chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo; and
- (iii) <u>a</u> linear or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; and

n is an integer of from 1 to 5;

as well as pharmaceutically and pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof.

2. (Original) A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is a linear C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is a linear C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or hydrogen;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  is each and independently selected from a straight  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl or hydrogen;  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$  and  $R^9$  is each and independently selected from

- (i) hydrogen;
- (ii) halogen, where "halogen" encompasses chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo;
- (iii) linear or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl; and

n is an integer of from 1 to 5.

3. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are both hydrogen; and

R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are all hydrogen; and

n is 4.

4. (Currently amended) A compound according to claim 1, which wherein said compound is selected from anyone the group consisting of:

H-Dmt-D-Arg-Phe-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>;

H-Dmt-D-Arg-Phe-Orn-NH<sub>2</sub>;

H-Dmt-D-Arg-Phe-A<sub>2</sub>Bu-NH<sub>2</sub>;

H-Mmt-D-Arg-Phe-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>;

H-Dmt-D-Arg-Phe(p-F)-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>; and

Dmt(NMe)-D-Arg-Phe-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>.

## 5-10. Cancelled

- 11. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of the formula I according to claim 1 as an active ingredient, in admixture with one or more pharmacologically and pharmaceutically acceptable carriers.
- 12. (Currently amended) A <u>The</u> pharmaceutical composition according to <u>of</u> claim 11, <u>wherein said pharmaceutical composition is</u> suitable for administration intrathecally, epidurally, intramuscularly, and intravenously.
- 13. Cancelled
- 14. Cancelled
- 15. (Currently amended) A method for the treatment of a subject of treating a patient suffering from pain, whereby an effective amount of comprising administering to said patient a compound of the formula I of claim 1, is administered to a patient in need of pain relief according to claim 1 for a time and under conditions effective to induce analgesia.

- 16. (Currently amended) A <u>The</u> method for <u>of</u> treatment according to <u>of</u> claim 15, wherein the <u>said</u> pain is labor pain.
- 17. (New) A salt of a compound according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of: a hydrochloride, an acetate, or a trifluoroacetate salt.
- 18. (New) A process for preparing a compound of formula I according to claim 1, comprising:
  - a) preparing a peptide attached to a solid phase support;
  - b) coupling a protected amino acid to said peptide in an inert solvent using a coupling agent;
  - c) completing the synthesis; and
  - d) isolating the compound of formula I.